



**BCI INVESTMENT MEETING 1Q26  
COLBÚN**

*May 2026*

# AGENDA

1.

Business  
profile

2.

Pipeline  
of  
projects

3.

Financial  
Results

4.

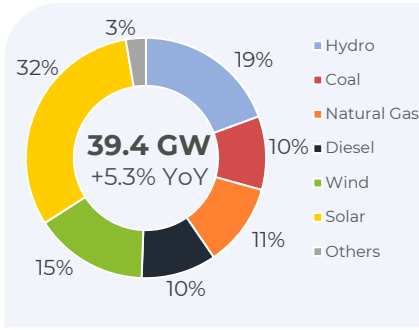
Annex

1.

BUSINESS PROFILE

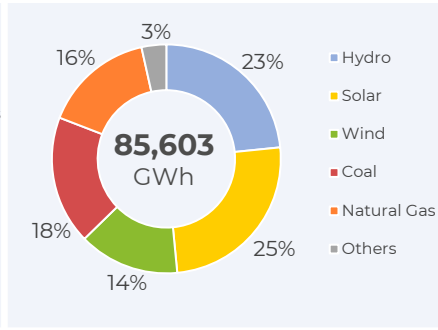
**INSTALLED CAPACITY<sup>1</sup>**

(GW)



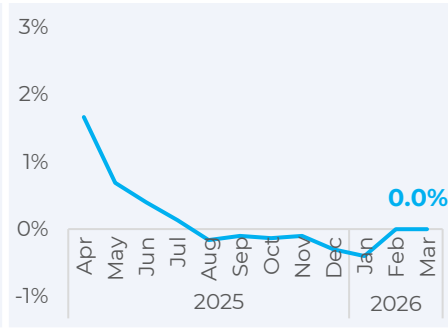
**LTM GENERATION**

(GWh)



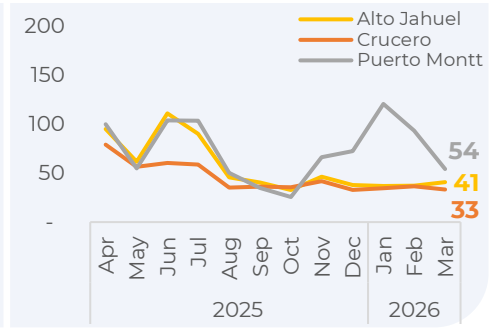
**DEMAND GROWTH**

(12 months average %)



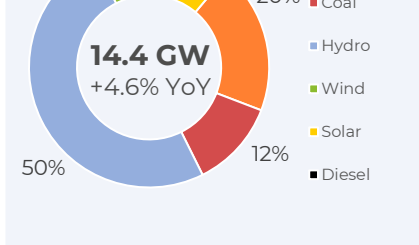
**MARGINAL COST**

(US\$/MWh)



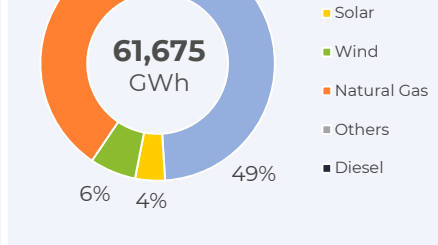
**INSTALLED CAPACITY<sup>1</sup>**

(GW)



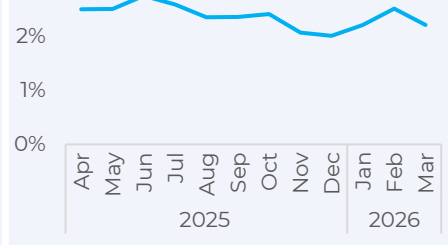
**LTM GENERATION**

(GWh)



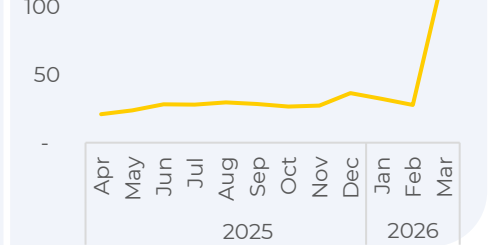
**DEMAND GROWTH**

(12 months average %)



**MARGINAL COST**

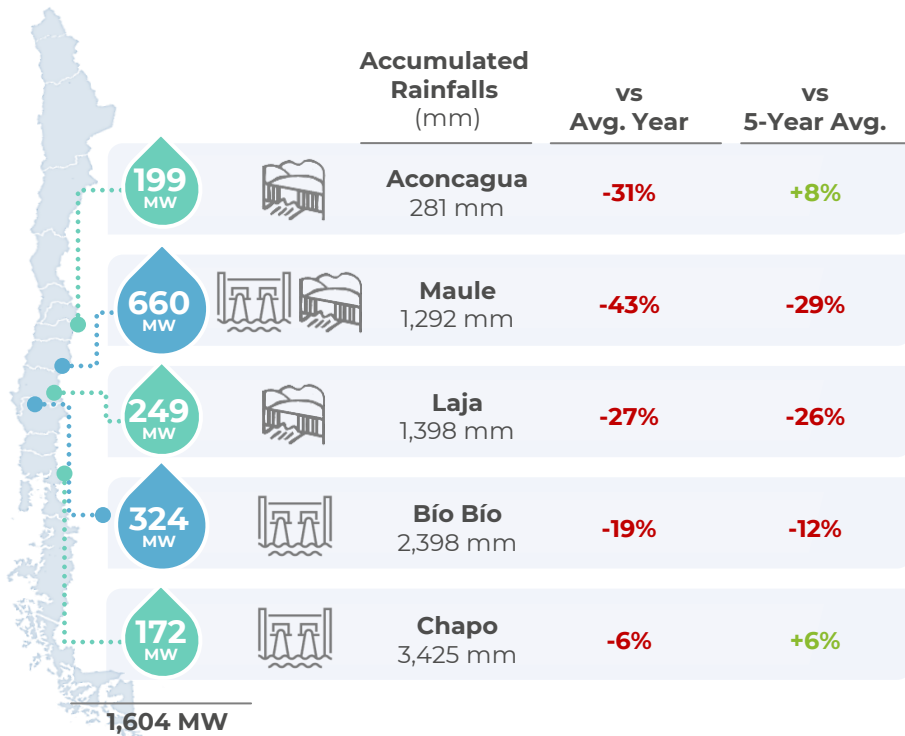
(US\$/MWh)



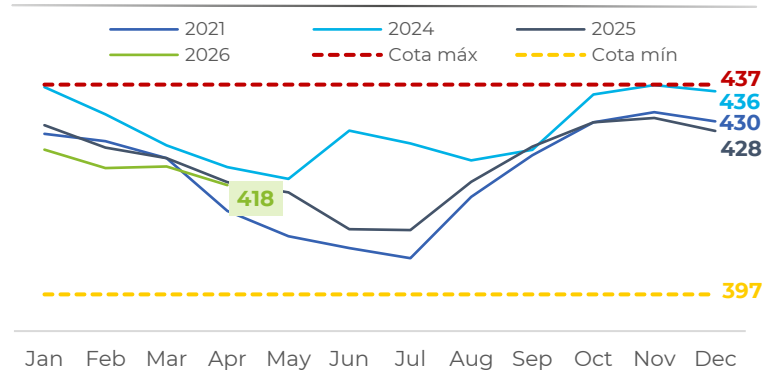
Note: All figures as of Mar26.

<sup>1</sup> Source: Coordinador Eléctrico Nacional (CNE), Comité de Operación Económica del Sistema Interconectado Nacional (COES).

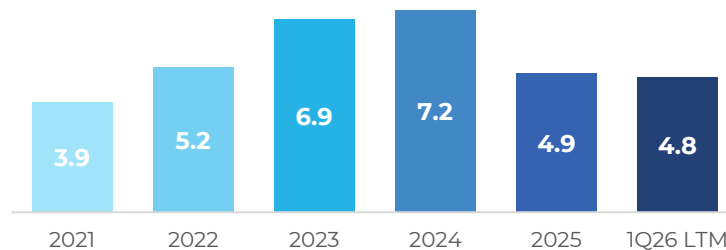
**CURRENT HYDROLOGICAL YEAR (APR25 - MAR26)**



**COLBUN RESERVOIR LEVEL (m.a.s.l.)**



**COLBUN'S HYDROELECTRIC GENERATION (TWh)**



Note: Current hydrological figures as of March 8th, 2026.

## 2026 Gas Supply Strategy

### 2026 STRATEGY

- **LNG cargo contracted with ENAP** scheduled for delivery during March–April
- **Additional LNG volumes contracted with Enel** starting in May, providing a contractual LNG supply base
- **Argentine natural gas (interruptible)** will remain the main source of flexible supply
- This structure **combines contracted LNG volumes with flexible Argentine gas sourcing**
- The strategy prioritizes **security of supply** and **procurement flexibility**

### EXPOSURE TO ENERGY COMMODITY MARKETS

- As a result, Colbun's short-term fuel cost exposure to fluctuations in oil and LNG **prices remains limited**
- Argentine gas supply reflects pricing structures linked to the domestic Argentine gas market
- LNG volumes **secured for the period were contracted in advance**, with pricing conditions agreed at the time of contracting
- In Chile's electricity market, fuel costs **are ultimately reflected in system marginal prices**, which influence spot market revenues

### GAS SUPPLY BY SOURCE

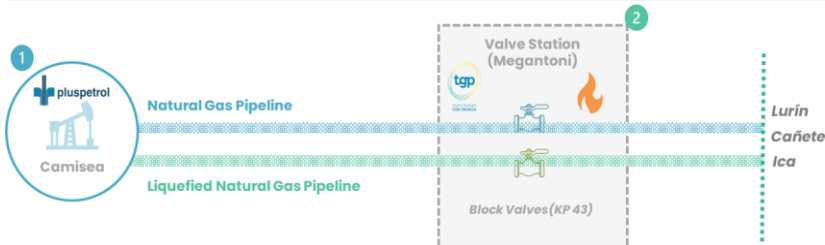
	January	February	March	1Q26	1Q25
GNL (%)	0%	2%	29%	12%	5%
GNA (%)	100%	98%	71%	88%	95%

**DESCRIPTION OF THE EVENT**

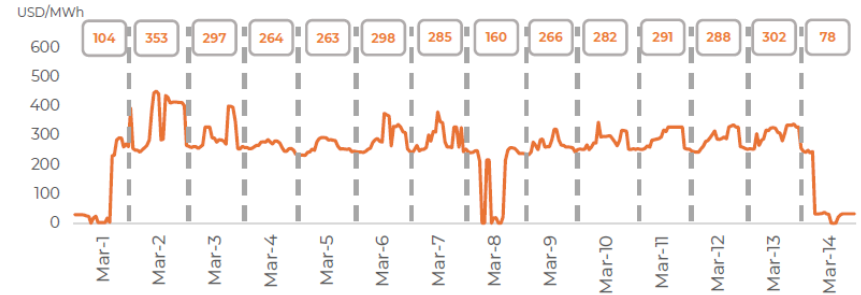
- On March 1st an incident occurred in the TGP pipeline that provides gas to Fenix. A valve station located in the Megantoni district of Cusco failed, which resulted in a gas leak and flare up
- Total repair of the pipeline took **13 days**

**IMPACT ON THE INDUSTRY**

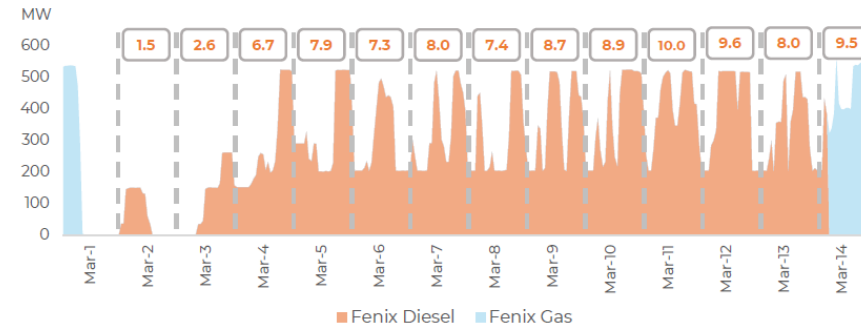
- Gas transport from the Camisea fields was suspended
- The MEM declared a **natural gas supply emergency for 14 days** decreeing a rationing mechanism where all available gas was prioritized for domestic and retail use
- Natural gas was not available to thermoelectric plants located in Chilca until the pipeline was restored



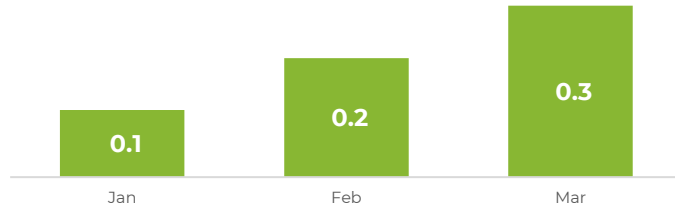
**MARGINAL COST – SANTA ROSA NODE (USD/MWh)**



**FENIX GENERATION (GWh)**



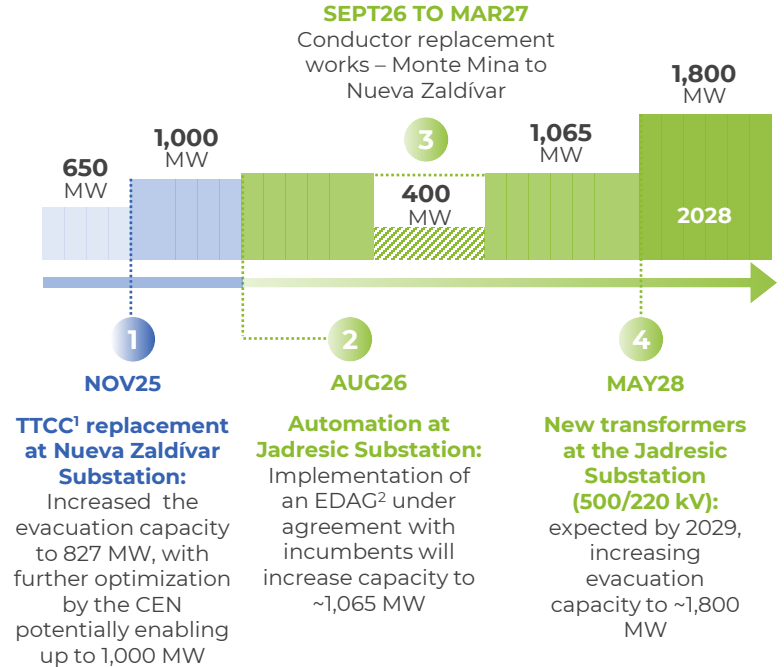
ACCUMULATED GENERATION PROFILE 2026 (TWh)



Main Drivers

- ✓ Lower **wind resource**
- ✓ Transmission curtailments (incl. P. Azúcar – Polpaico works)
- ✓ Temporary system constraints (non-structural)
- ✓ Initial **operational ramp-up** / stabilization phase
- ✓ Mitigation measures underway to increase evacuation capacity

MITIGATION MEASURES UNDER IMPLEMENTATION



<sup>1</sup>Switching-Capable Transfer Transformers (Transformadores de Transferencia de Capacidad de Corte).

<sup>2</sup>Automatic Generation Shedding Scheme (Esquema de desacople automático de generación).



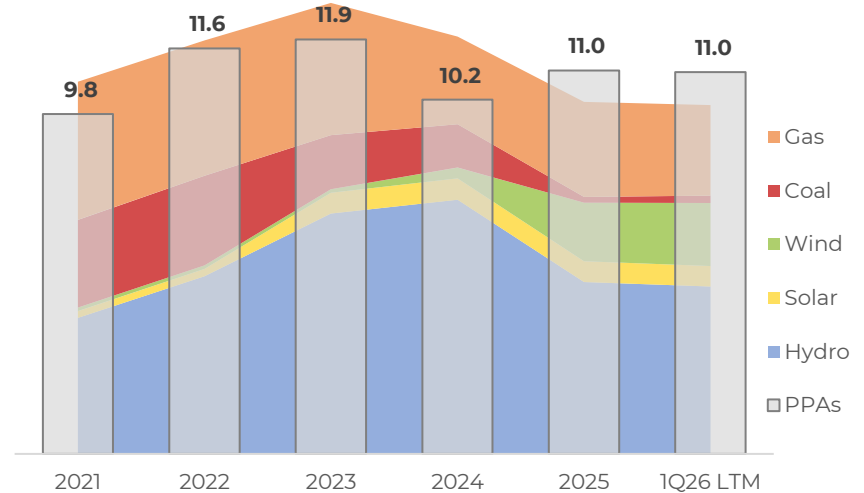
Colbun's Generation-PPA Balance



- Lower hydro output driven by **less favorable hydrological** conditions
- Lower gas generation **due to maintenance at Nehuenco** and reduced economic dispatch
- **Partially offset by higher wind and coal generation**, driven by the full-quarter contribution of Horizonte and increased dispatch from Santa María
- Part of the deficit is strategic, reflecting an efficient exposure to low solar-hour price

COLBUN'S GENERATION AND COMMITMENTS

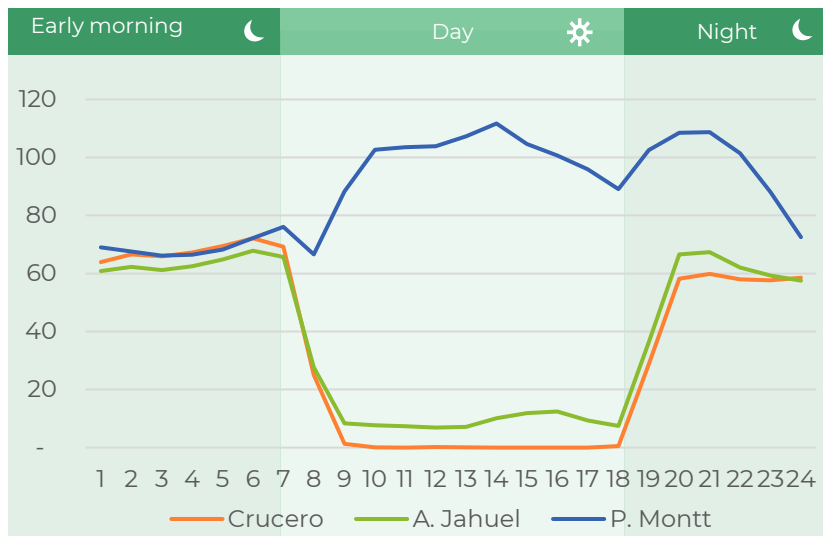
(TWh)



Note: Figures updated as of Mar26.

Colbun's contractual position by zone

**AVERAGE HOURLY MARGINAL COSTS <sup>1</sup> (USD/MWh)**



**Crucero (USD/MWh)**

1Q26: 34  
1Q25: 52

**Alto Jahuel (USD/MWh)**

1Q26: 38  
1Q25: 57

**Puerto Montt (USD/MWh)**

1Q26: 89  
1Q25: 121

**GENERATION VS. COMMITMENTS AS OF MAR26**

TWh	24 hr	☀	☾ <sup>2</sup>
<b>Gx</b>	<b>0.5</b>	0.3	0.3
<b>PPAs</b>	<b>1.3</b>	0.6	0.7
<b>Balance</b>	<b>(0.8)</b>	(0.3)	(0.5)

TWh/year	24 hr	☀	☾ <sup>2</sup>
<b>Gx</b>	<b>1.7</b>	0.6	1.2
<b>PPAs</b>	<b>1.4</b>	0.7	0.7
<b>Balance</b>	<b>+0.4</b>	(0.1)	+0.5

TWh/year	24 hr	☀	☾ <sup>2</sup>
<b>Gx</b>	<b>0.2</b>	0.1	0.1
<b>PPAs</b>	<b>0.1</b>	0.0	0.0
<b>Balance</b>	<b>+0.2</b>	+0.1	+0.1

**TOTAL**

TWh/year	24 hr	☀	☾ <sup>2</sup>
<b>Gx</b>	<b>2.5</b>	1.0	1.5
<b>PPAs</b>	<b>2.8</b>	1.3	1.4
<b>Balance</b>	<b>(0.3)</b>	(0.4)	+0.1

<sup>1</sup> Average Marginal Costs corresponds to the period Jan26 – Mar26.

<sup>2</sup> Early morning and night.

Chilean distribution zones considers; North zone until Los Vilos, Central zone from Quillota to Temuco and South zone from Ciruelos to below.

## 2.

## PIPELINE OF PROJECTS

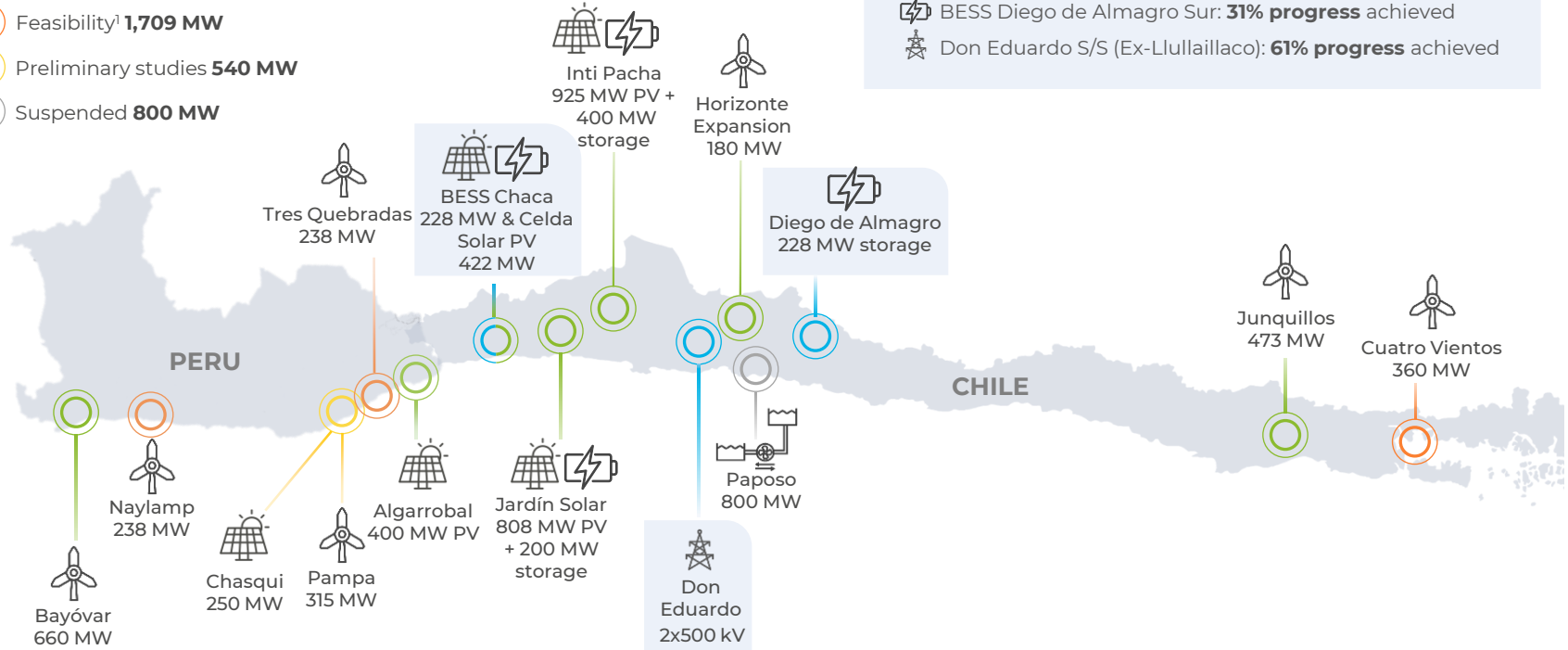
## Attractive pipeline of renewable projects

- Construction **456 MW**
- Environmentally approved **3,589 MW**
- Feasibility<sup>1</sup> **1,709 MW**
- Preliminary studies **540 MW**
- Suspended **800 MW**



### HIGHLIGHTS

- BESS Chaca (Ex-Celda Solar): **84% progress** achieved
- BESS Diego de Almagro Sur: **31% progress** achieved
- Don Eduardo S/S (Ex-Lullaillaco): **61% progress** achieved



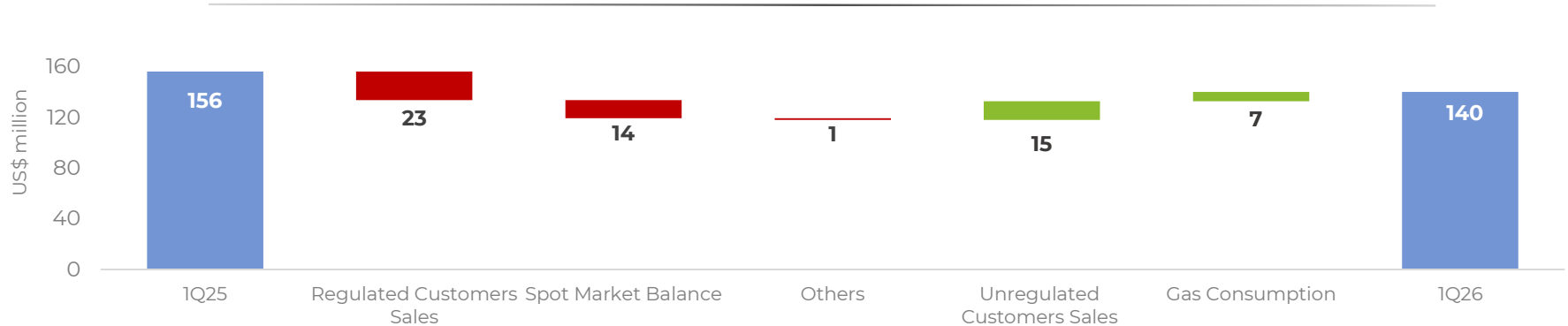
Note: Figures consider maximum installed capacity for each project as of Mar26.

<sup>1</sup> Environmental Impact Assessment submitted.

## 3.

## FINANCIAL RESULTS

MAIN DRIVERS



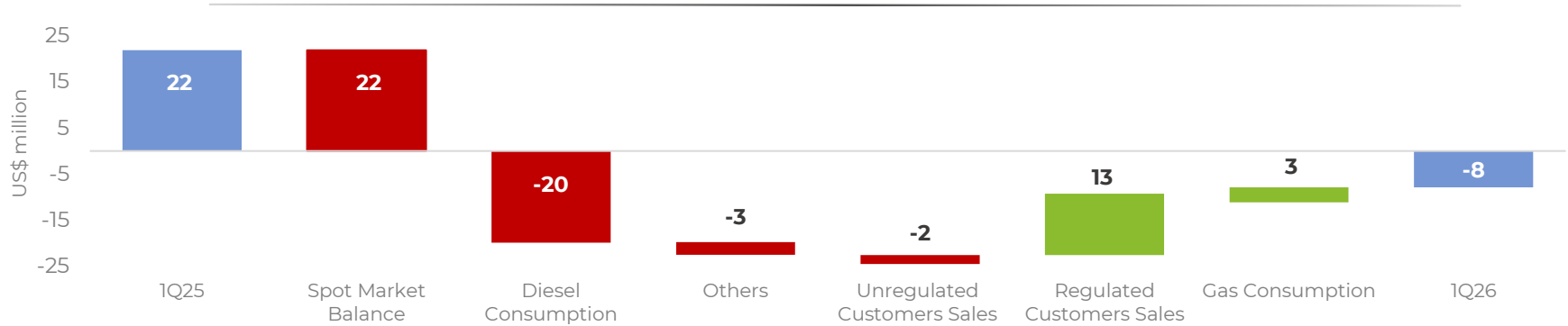
**(-) Regulated Customers Sales:** lower revenues driven by a decline in physical sales volumes (-189 GWh), mainly explained by the expiration of the Chilectra contract

**(-) Net Spot Position:** higher net spot purchases (+32 GWh) driven by a weaker generation profile (lower hydro output, lower gas generation due maintenance activities at the Nehuenco Complex and lower economic dispatch of these units) increasing exposure to the spot market

**(+) Unregulated Customers Sales:** higher revenues mainly driven by new contracts and contract adjustments, which increased physical sales of energy and capacity (+138GWh), particularly in the mining segment

**(+) Gas Consumption:** lower gas consumption costs in line with reduced dispatch of gas-fired units during the period and maintenance activities

MAIN DRIVERS



**(-) Net Spot Position:** higher spot purchases (+197 GWh), as diesel-based own generation partially covered contracted energy, increasing exposure to high marginal costs

**(-) Diesel Consumption:** higher diesel consumption following the TGP disruption, significantly increasing generation costs

**(-) Others:** higher operating costs associated with emergency operation conditions (logistics and dispatch constraints)

**(-) Unregulated Customers Sales:** lower revenues due to the expiration of mining contracts (-20GWh)

**(+) Regulated Customers Sales:** higher revenues driven by new contracts and capacity adjustments (+20GWh)

**(+) Gas Consumption:** lower gas consumption costs given the TGP disruption

## CONSOLIDATED NET INCOME

**US\$24 million**  
-71% Q/Q

Non-Operating Income (Loss) (US\$ million)	1Q26	1Q25	QoQ
Financial Income	11	9	<b>21%</b>
Financial Expenses	(28)	(18)	<b>51%</b>
Exchange Rate Differences	(1)	3	-
Profit (Loss) of Companies	3	3	<b>(6%)</b>
Other Profits (Losses)	(13)	(13)	<b>0%</b>
<b>Non-Operating Income (Loss)</b>	<b>(28)</b>	<b>(16)</b>	<b>75%</b>

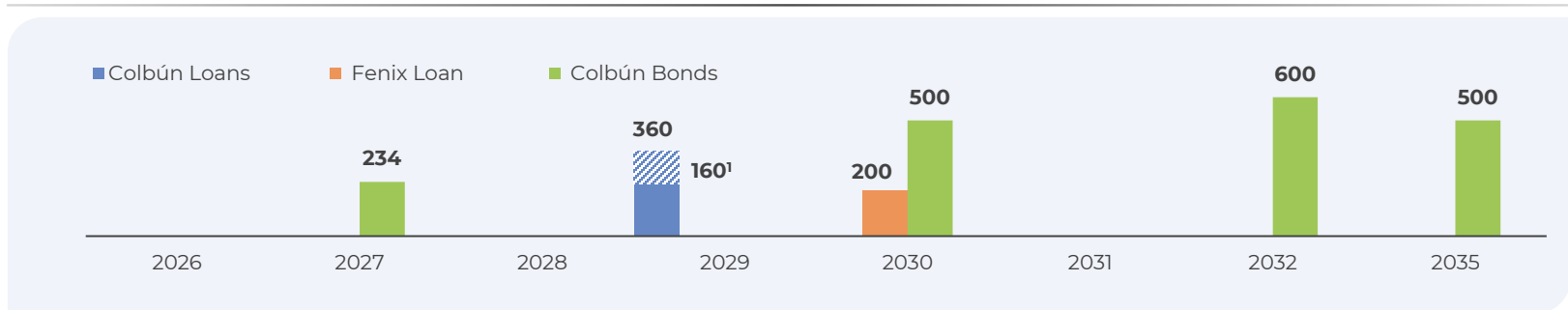
Net Income (US\$ million)	1Q26	1Q25	QoQ
<b>Profit (Loss) Before Taxes</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>(63%)</b>
Income Tax Expense	(15)	(23)	<b>(36%)</b>
<b>Net Income</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>(71%)</b>

Leveraging solid financial position to fund strategic projects

CONSERVATIVE DEBT PROFILE



SMOOTH AMORTIZATION PROFILE (US\$ million)



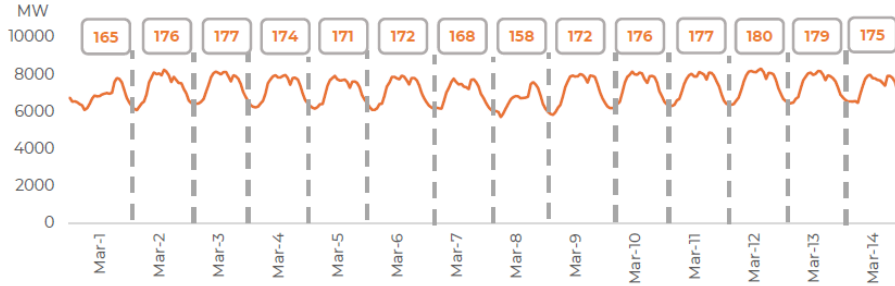
<sup>1</sup> US\$160 million SMBC loan was fully repaid in April 2026.



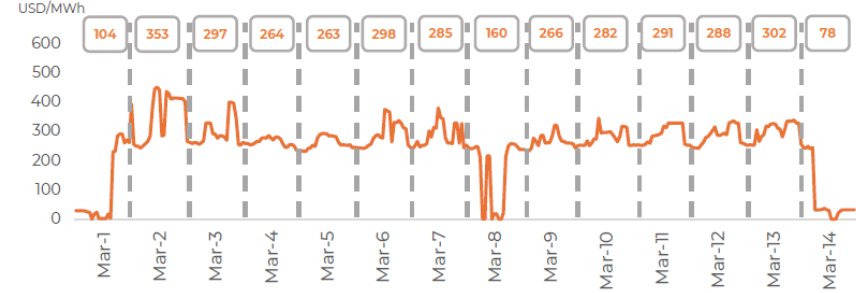
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COLBÚN**

*May 2026*

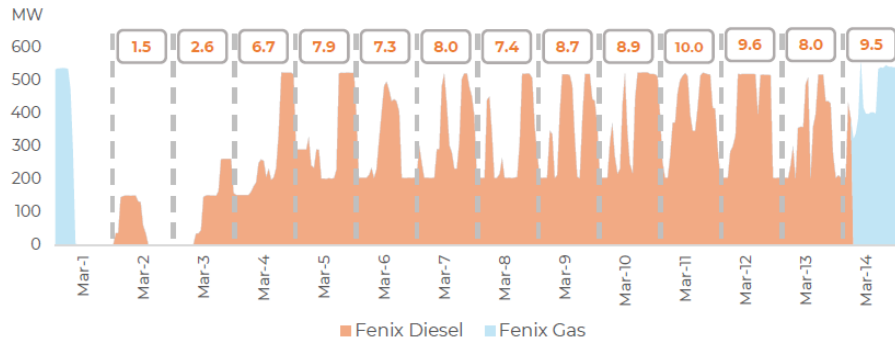
SEIN DEMAND (GWh)



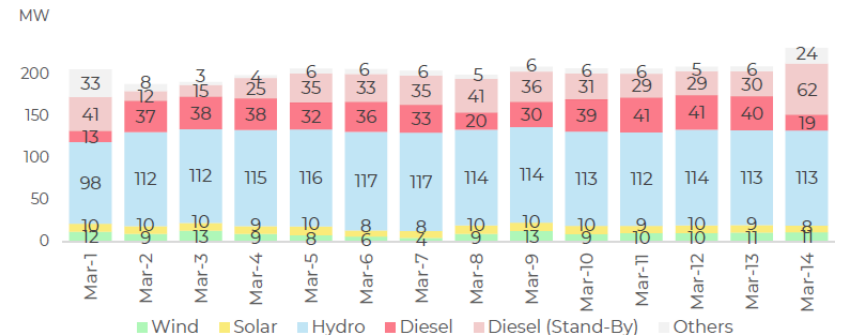
MARGINAL COST – SANTA ROSA NODE (USD/MWh)



FENIX GENERATION (GWh)



SEIN GENERATION (USD/MWh)



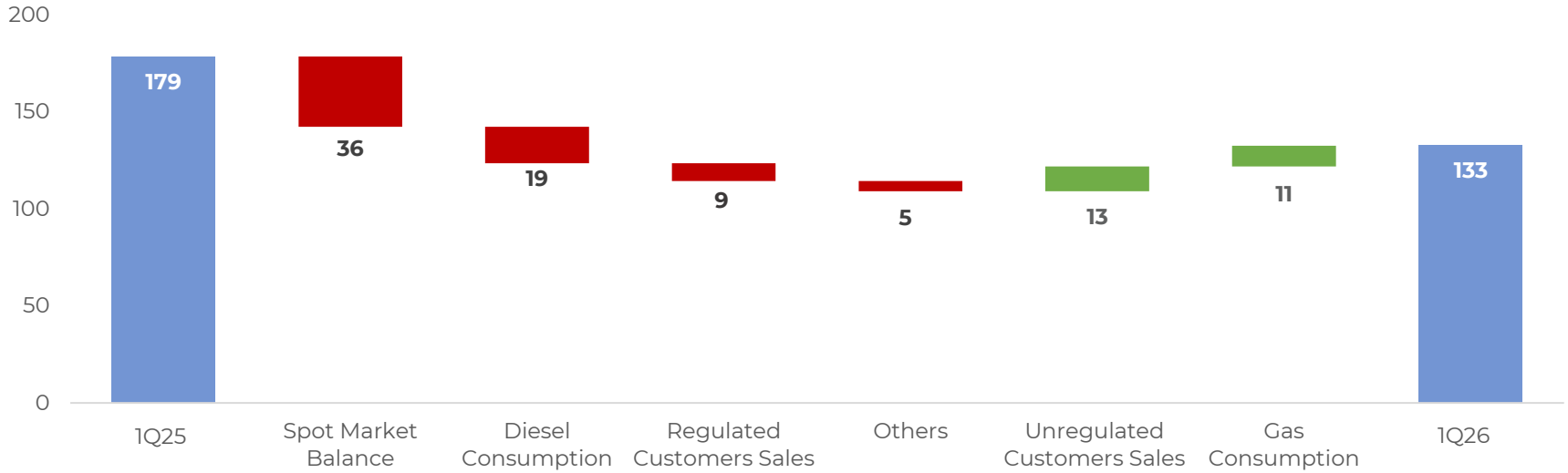
1Q26 Results – Consolidated EBITDA



**CONSOLIDATED  
EBITDA**

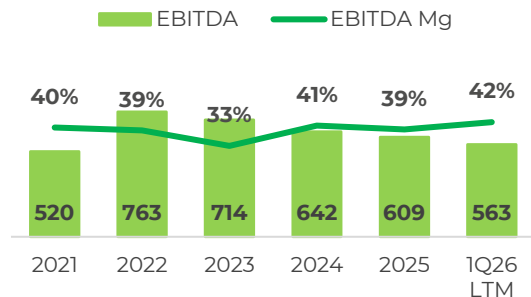
**US\$133 million**  
-26% Q/Q

US\$ million

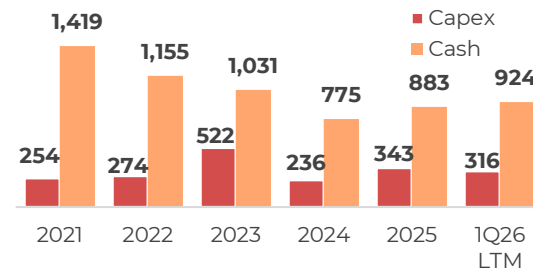


## Proven performance track record and solid financial metrics

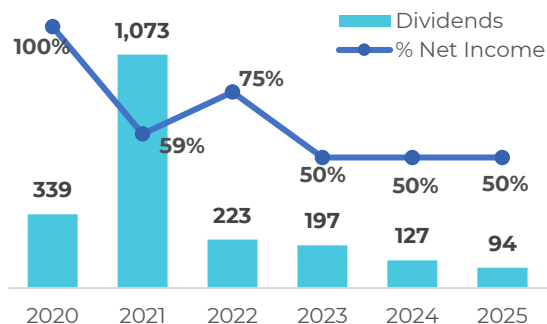
### 1. EBITDA & EBITDA MG (US\$ million & %)



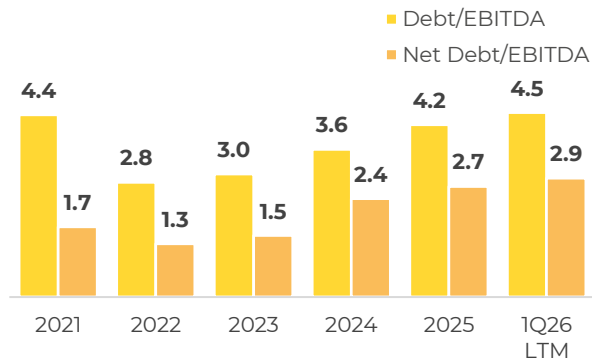
### 2. CAPEX & CASH POSITION (US\$ million)



### 3. DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTION <sup>1</sup> (US\$ million)



### 4. DEBT/EBITDA & NET DEBT/EBITDA (x)

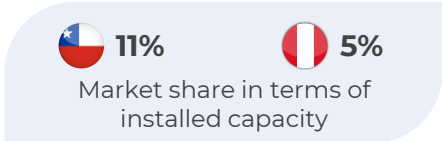
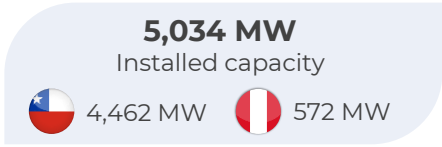
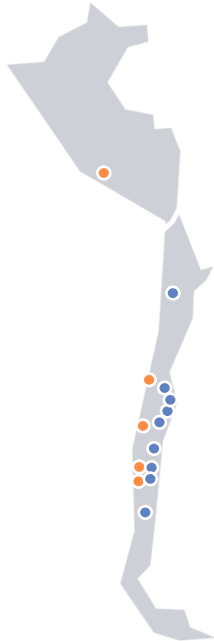


Note: All figures as of Mar26

1. Dividends charged to the profit of the year. In 2020 and 2021, one-off dividends of US\$165 million and US\$750 million were paid, respectively, with charge to retained earnings.

Leading generation company in Chile and Peru

**GEOGRAPHIC FOOTPRINT**



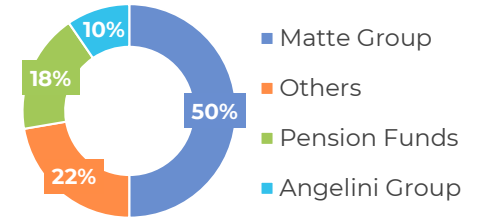
**INTERNATIONAL RATINGS**

S&P: **BBB : Stable**  
 Fitch: **BBB+ : Stable**  
 Moody's: **Baa2 : Stable**

**KEY FINANCIALS 1Q26**

Revenues: **US\$409 mm**  
 Cash and equivalents: **US\$925 mm**  
 EBITDA: **US\$133 mm**  
 NET Debt<sup>3</sup> /EBITDA: **2.9x**

**OWNERSHIP (%)**



**AWARDS AND RECOGNITIONS**

Included in **DJSI index** for 9 years

Recognized by **GPTW** as one of the best companies to work over the past decade in Chile





Acknowledged by **ACHS** for **excellence in Safety Culture** Management

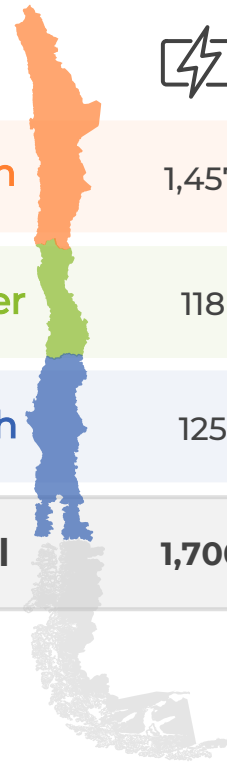
Note: All figures updated as of Mar25.

<sup>2</sup> In different stages of development. No final decision has been made as to which projects will be completed, or exactly which characteristics they will have.

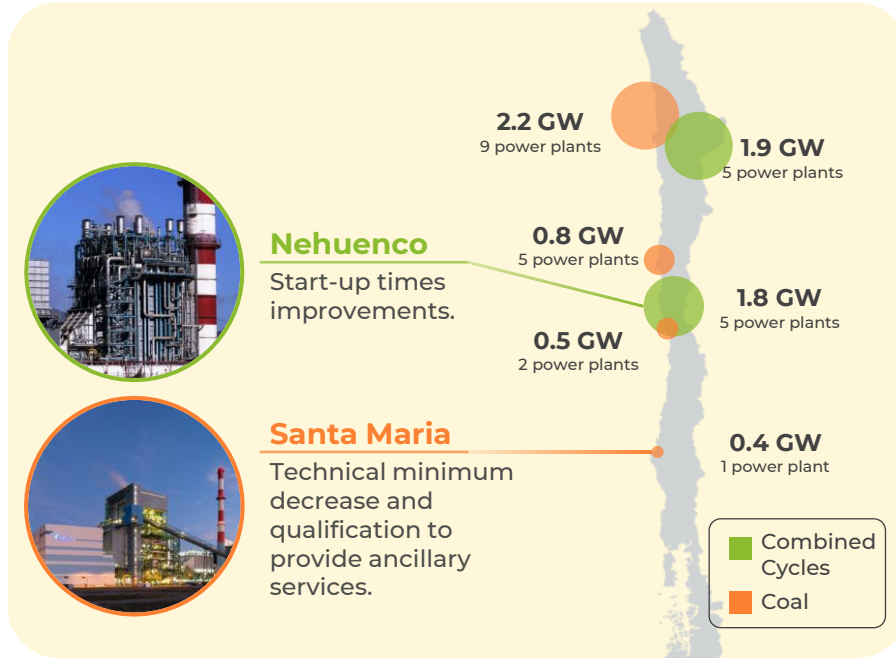
<sup>3</sup> Net debt includes leaseings

## SEN available supply by 2025 (MW)

			Renewable capacity by 2025 (A)	Average Demand (B)	Balance (A - B)		
4,421	8,439	49	12,533	3,334	<b>+9,199</b>	<b>North</b>	1,457
175	2,241	1,465	4,643	3,720	<b>+161</b>	<b>Center</b>	118
1,902	1,330	5,890	8,459	2,558	<b>+6,564</b>	<b>South</b>	125
<b>6,498</b>	<b>12,010</b>	<b>7,404</b>	<b>25,635</b>	<b>9,612</b>	<b>+16,300</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>1,700</b>



Chilean distribution zones considers: North zone until Pan de Azúcar, Central zone from Polpaico to Alto Jahuel and South zone from Ancoa to Puerto Montt. For batteries, they consider 4 hours of operation.



## Regulatory Framework Challenges



**Permitting**



**Decarbonization  
Plan**



**Climate Change  
Adaptation**



**Green Hydrogen  
and Desalination**



**Bidding market**



**Distribution**